2977. Adulteration of chorionic gonadotropin. U. S. v. 47 Vials * * *. (F. D. C. No. 27721. Sample No. 52057-K.)

LIBEL FILED: August 25, 1949, Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 30, 1948, and January 5, 1949, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 47 10-cc. vials of chorionic gonadotropin at Canton, Ohio. Examination showed that the product consisted of chorionic gonadotropin, with a potency of not more than 1,250 International Units per vial. The product was invoiced as one having a potency of 5,000 International Units per vial.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it purported or was represented to possess, namely, 5,000 International Units of chorionic gonadotropin per vial. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 2, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

2978. Adulteration of procaine injection. U. S. v. 44 Vials * * *. (F. D. C No. 28259. Sample No. 57344-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 2, 1949, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 15, 1949, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 44 vials of proceine injection at Irvington, N. J.

LABEL, IN PART: (Vial) "No. 97F 100 cc. Vial Multiple Dose Procaine Injection 1%."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as "Ampuls of Procaine Hydrochloride," a drug the name of which is recognized in the National Formulary, an official compendium, and its quality and purity fell below the official standard since it was contaminated with undissolved material. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 19, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

2979. Adulteration of Thiosol and calcium gluconate. U. S. v. 16 Vials, etc. (F. D. C. No. 28025. Sample Nos. 58213-K, 58215-K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 5, 1949, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 5 and 26, 1949, by Vincent Christina & Co., Inc., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 16 100-cc. vials of *Thiosol*, and 4 boxes, each containing 24 10-cc. ampuls, of *calcium gluconate*, at Los Angeles, Calif.

LABEL, IN PART: "Thiosol An organic solution of Sulfur Intramuscular—Intravenous" and "Calconate 10% Solution Each 10 cc contains 1 Gm. Calcium Gluconate U. S. P. * * For Intravenous or Intramuscular Use."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the calcium gluconate purported to be, and was represented as, "Calcium Gluconate Injection," a drug the name of which is recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia, an official compendium, and its quality and purity fell below the official standard since it was contaminated with undissolved material; and, Section 501 (c), the purity and quality of the *Thiosol* fell below that which it purported and

was represented to possess since it was for parenteral administration and was contaminated with undissolved material.

DISPOSITION: November 8, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

2980. Adulteration of vitamin B₁. U. S. v. 50 Vials * * *. (F. D. C. No. 28260. Sample No. 57360-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 2, 1949, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 14, 1949, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 50 vials of vitamin B₁ at Union City, N. J.

LABEL, IN PART: (Vial) "30 cc. Multiple Dose Vial Vitamin B₁ (Thiamine Hydrochloride) * * * injected intravenously or * * * intramuscularly."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be, and was represented as, "Thiamine Hydrochloride Injection," a drug the name of which is recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia, an official compendium, and its quality and purity fell below the official standard since it was contaminated with undissolved material. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

Disposition: December 19, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

2981. Adulteration and misbranding of Elixir Theratone "B." U. S. v. 6½ Cartons, etc. (F. D. C. No. 27795. Sample No. 56216-K.)

LIBEL FILED: September 2, 1949, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 20, 1949, by the Academy Mfg. Drug Corp., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: Eliwir Theratone "B." 6½ cartons, each containing 4 1-gallon bottles, 65 1-pint bottles, and 150 1-ounce bottles. The pint and ounce bottles had been repacked from gallon-size bottles by the consignee and labeled essentially the same as the gallon bottles.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess, namely, "Each Teaspoonful (4 cc.) contains: * * Niacinamide 10.0 mg.," since the article contained less than the declared amount of niacinamide.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Each Teaspoonful (4 cc.) contains: * * * Niacinamide 10.0 mg." was false and misleading as applied to the article, which contained less than 10.0 mg. of niacinamide.

DISPOSITION: November 2, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

2982. Adulteration and misbranding of surgical dressings. U. S. v. 25 packages

* * (F. D. C. No. 28342. Sample No. 30230-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 16, 1949, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 12, 1949, by Surgical Dressings, Inc., from Boston, Mass.

PRODUCT: 25 packages of surgical dressing at Los Angeles, Calif. Examination showed that the product was not sterile but was contaminated with living micro-organisms.

LABEL, IN PART: "Size 2" x *" * * Sterilastic Dressing Bandage."